

NOTE: This table is to be used by Healthcare Professionals to assess clients with the following conditions who live or work in high-risk environments. This table does not address all Contraindications and Precautions.

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- Immunocompromised- Cancer/Oncology Patients
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- Autoimmune Condition- Multiple Sclerosis Patients
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- Thrombosis and Thrombocytopenia- for AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine only
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  - Contraindications included in this section
- Myocarditis and/or Pericarditis for mRNA vaccines only

Condition	Recomm	endations		Script
SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) Infection	NACI recommends that a complete series with a COV authorized age group without contraindications to the	•	•	Individuals should wait to receive a vaccine until they no longer have
Current or Previous	SARS-CoV-2 infection (NACI July 22, 2021).			acute symptoms of COVID-19 and are no longer infectious to others.
	NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hg">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hg</a> e=el&hg m=2188311&hg l=1&hg v=91d220e044).			-
Completion of a mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine Series	<ul> <li>If easily available at the time of vaccination without delay or vaccine wastage, the same mRNA COVID-19 vaccine product should be offered for the subsequent dose in a primary vaccine series started with an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine.</li> <li>If not easily available at the time of vaccination without delay or vaccine wastage or is unknown, another mRNA COVID-19 vaccine product recommended for use in that age group can be considered interchangeable and should be offered to complete the primary vaccine series.</li> </ul>		•	Either mRNA COVID-19 vaccine can be used to complete a 2-dose primary vaccine series when the brand administered for the first dose is not available at the time for the second dose.
Intervals between COVID-19 and other vaccines	Intervals between the administration of COVID-19 vaccine and other vaccines previously required specific intervals. All Health Canada approved COVID-19 vaccines can be given concomitantly with other vaccines; no intervals are required before or after COVID-19 vaccine administration.		•	COVID-19 vaccines may be given at the same time as other non-COVID-19 vaccines. No intervals are needed before or after COVID-19 vaccine administration.
	LTC or PCH residents Min. 28 days from their second dose			
	Persons 80 years and older living in the community	Min. 6 months from their second dose		



Condition	Recomm	nendations		Script
Additional / Third /	Immunocompromised persons	Min. 28 days from their second dose	•	Immunocompromised will receive
Booster Dose				a letter from their specialist that
Intervals				needs to be brought to immunizer.
Additional / Third /	<ul> <li>For those who received COVIDSHIELD® or Astra.</li> </ul>	Zeneca Vaxzevria® as their first dose and a mRNA	•	Some countries or events
Booster Dose	vaccine for their second dose, ensure that they	receive the same mRNA vaccine brand for their		/organizations in other countries
Directives for Viral	additional/booster doses when possible to avoi	d potentially needing a fourth dose for travel		are requiring 2 doses of the same
Vector Vaccine	purposes.			mRNA vaccine as proof of
recipients				vaccination. Although receiving
				two different mRNA vaccines is
				safe and effective, to avoid
				potentially needing additional
				COVID-19 vaccine doses in the
				future, we will provide the same
				vaccine product that you received
Treatment with	If client received anti-SARS-CoV-2 monoclonal a	ntibodies or convalescent plasma for treatment of	-	for your second dose Currently, there is insufficient
COVID-19 Monoclonal		ine for at least 90 days. Delaying vaccination due to	•	evidence on the receipt of both a
Antibodies or				COVID-19 vaccine and
Convalescent Plasma	treatment is applicable to the first dose and second dose, depending on when treatment was received (e.g. if treatment is received after the first dose is administered, delay the second dose for			anti-SARS-CoV-2 monoclonal
	at least 90 days).	most dose is duministered, delay the second dose for		antibodies or convalescent
				plasma.
	<ul> <li>For persons receiving antibody therapies not sp</li> </ul>	ecific to COVID-19 treatment (e.g., intravenous	•	Administering these products
		nded to receive and/or complete a full COVID-19		close together may result in less
	vaccine series either simultaneously with or at a			effectiveness of the COVID-19
				vaccine and/ or the SARS-CoV-2
	NACI Recommendation:			monoclonal antibodies.
	NACI recommends that COVID-19 vaccines should it	not be given simultaneously with monoclonal	•	Based on your treatment the
	antibodies or convalescent plasma.			recommendation is to wait at
				least 90 days to receive the
	NACI July 22, 2021 https://www.canada.ca/en/publi			COVID-19 vaccine.
	committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendation		•	(If recommendation in second
	vaccines.html?hq_e=el&hq_m=2188311&hq_l=1&h	q_v=91d220e044). Centre for Disease Control (US):		column supports immunization)
	People who previously received passive antibody t	horany		Do you have any additional
	Currently, there are no data on the safety and effica			questions or concerns about
	monoclonal antibodies or convalescent plasma as pa			getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?
	half-life of such therapies and evidence suggesting t			COVID-19 Vaccine:
		at least 90 days. This is a precautionary measure until		
	additional information becomes available, to avoid			
	vaccine-induced immune responses.	, ,		
	'			



Prognancy or Planning Pregnancy Planning Pregnancy Planning Pregnancy Viral vector COVID-19 vaccines should be offered during pregnancy unless there are contraindications. Viral vector COVID-19 vaccines should only be offered if there are allergies to mRNA vaccine ingredients or mRNA vaccine is not readily available.  NOTE: Pregnancy is not a contraindication for any of the currently approved COVID-19 Vaccines, including AstraZeneca/COVISHELD.  NACI Preferentially recommends that a complete vaccine series with an mRNA COVID19 vaccine should be offered to individuals in the authorized age group who are pregnant. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in this population. (Strong MACI Recommendation)  An mRNA vaccine is preferred due to published safety data. Recently published preliminary analyses of 35,091 pregnant women in the United States who received an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine in a pregnant person, there might be complexity in the medical care. The US safety data suggests mRNA vaccine administration within 30 days of conception is safer. Those who are trying to become pregnant do not need to avoid pregnancy after vaccination with an mRNA vaccine.  To date, no safety signals have been detected in Development and Reproductive Toxicity (DART) animals studies for Pfizer, Moderna, Janssen, and AstraZeneca vaccines.  NACI July 22, 2021 https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/inational-advisory-committee-on-immunization-nacl/recommendation:  NACI recommendation:  NACI re	Condition	Recommendations	Script
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NACI recommends that a complete vaccine series with an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine should be offered to individuals in the authorized age group who are breastfeeding. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in this population. (Strong NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-</a> not a reason to stop breastfeeding.  Do you have any additional questions or concerns about getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?  COVID-19 vaccine?  Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of			=
individuals in the authorized age group who are breastfeeding. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in this population. (Strong NACI Recommendation)  NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-</a> breastfeeding.  Do you have any additional questions or concerns about getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?  Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of			_
<ul> <li>another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in this population. (Strong NACI Recommendation)</li> <li>Do you have any additional questions or concerns about getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?</li> <li>NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-</a></li> </ul>		·	· ·
about the emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in this population. (Strong NACI Recommendation)  NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-</a> • Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of			_
NACI Recommendation)  NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-</a> Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of			
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minuted with the (Brand) of		, ,	•
COTTO 13 VACCINE.			
			Sorie 15 raconic.



Condition	Recommendations		Script
Immunocompromised	It is preferred that clients on immunosuppressive therapy discuss the timing between their therapy and	•	Studies from around the world
Alexander	receiving vaccine doses (including additional/booster doses) with their health care provider.		show COVID-19 vaccines are safe
Also see sections below for Cancer/	(HSCT) Blood and Bone Marrow Stem Cell Transplant (autologous or allogeneic):		for people with immune system conditions.
Oncology patients	<ul> <li>Patients MUST talk with their oncology team prior to vaccine administration.</li> </ul>		The vaccine antibody response in
071	<ul> <li>If feasible vaccine should be administered 2 weeks prior to starting conditioning</li> </ul>		immune comprised individuals
And	regimen for their transplant.		may not be a strong as the
B	Post-transplant - if transmission in the community is high, vaccination can be initiated		immune response in individuals
Patients with Auto- Immune Disease	3 months after HSCT. If the transmission in the community is controlled, vaccination can wait until 6 months after HSCT.		who are not immune suppressed.
illilliulle Disease	Postpone vaccination in severe, uncontrolled acute GVHD, Grade 3-4.		Immunized individuals still need to take precautions against
	1 oscipone vaccination in severe, ancontrolled acute GVIIB, Grade 5 4.		COVID-19 disease.
	Medically stable SOLID ORGAN TRANSPLANT PATIENTS followed up by the Saskatchewan Transplant	•	Do you have any additional
	Program DO NOT NEED to consult their specialist prior to immunization with COVID-19 vaccines.		questions or concerns about
	Hawayan.		getting immunized with the
	However:  O If the client had a recent transplant (less than month ago) or was recently (less than		COVID-19 vaccine?
	1 month ago) treated for rejection or if the immunizer is unsure of the client's eligibility,	•	(If the treatment plan in second column supports immunization)
	please ask the client to contact the Saskatchewan Transplant Program to determine if and		Do you consent to being
	when they should receive the vaccine.		immunized with the (Brand) of
	It is preferred that all other clients with immune suppression discuss the vaccine with their  has the same provide a prior to appear the all the same provides the same		COVID-19 vaccine?
	healthcare provider prior to presenting. <b>However:</b> o If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider <b>AND</b> their <b>condition is</b>		
	UNSTABLE consult with the area MHO.		
	<ul> <li>If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is</li> </ul>		
	stable proceed as below.		
	NACI Recommendation		
	NACI preferentially recommends that a complete COVID-19 vaccine series with an mRNA COVID-19		
	vaccine should be offered to individuals in the authorized age group who are immunosuppressed due		
	to disease or treatment. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the possibility that individuals		
	who are immunosuppressed may have a diminished immune response to any of the authorized		
	COVID-19 vaccines. (Strong NACI Recommendation)		
	NACI July 22, 2021 https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-		
	committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-		
	vaccines.html?hq e=el&hq m=2188311&hq l=1&hq v=91d220e044).		
Immuno-	Cancer survivors should be vaccinated against COVID-19 if there are no contraindications to receiving	•	Studies from around the world
compromised	vaccine. Vaccinate as any other client who does not have a precaution or contraindication.		show COVID-19 vaccines are safe
Oncology Patients	(HSCT) Blood and Bone Marrow Stem Cell Transplant (autologous or allogeneic):		for people with immune system conditions.
Oncology Patients	thacif blood and bone warrow stem cen transplant (autologous or allogeneic):	<u> </u>	CONDICIONS.



Condition	Recommendations	Script
	<ul> <li>Patients MUST talk with their oncology team prior to vaccine administration.</li> <li>If feasible vaccine should be administered 2 weeks prior to starting conditioning regimen for their transplant.</li> <li>Post-transplant - if transmission in the community is high, vaccination can be initiated 3 months after HSCT. If the transmission in the community is controlled, vaccination can wait until 6 months after HSCT.</li> <li>Postpone vaccination in severe, uncontrolled acute GVHD, Grade 3-4.</li> </ul>	The vaccine antibody response in immune comprised individuals may not be a strong as the immune response in individuals who are not immune suppressed. Immunized individuals still need to take precautions against COVID—19 disease.
	<ul> <li>It is preferred that <u>all other clients with cancer</u> discuss the vaccine with their healthcare provider prior to presenting. However:         <ul> <li>If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is UNSTABLE, consult with the area MHO.</li> <li>If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is STABLE proceed as below.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Based on your therapy the recommendation is as follows: refer to treatments in second column.</li> <li>Do you have any additional questions or concerns about</li> </ul>
	The following guidelines on the timing of COVID-19 vaccine in terms of cancer treatment has been adapted from the information from inactivated influenza and other vaccines in immunocompromised patients.  If client's therapy is:	getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?  • (If the treatment plan in second column supports immunization) Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of
	<ul> <li>Targeted Hormonal and single agent immune therapy treatments: Vaccine can be administered at any time during treatment.</li> <li>Radiation therapy: Vaccine can be administered at any time during radiation therapy.</li> </ul>	COVID-19 vaccine?
	<ul> <li>Cytotoxic chemotherapy:         <ul> <li>New treatment starts:</li> <li>If possible, vaccination should be completed at least two weeks prior to starting systemic therapy or immunosuppressive therapy. If both of the doses cannot be given prior to starting treatment, at least the first dose of vaccine should be given two weeks before starting treatment. The second dose should be administered 4-5 days prior to the next cycle.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Patients already on chemotherapy treatment:         <ul> <li>Ideally a vaccine dose would be administered 4- 5 days prior to a dose of cytotoxic chemotherapy so that vaccine side effects and chemotherapy side effects don't overlap.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	B-Cell directed therapy ((Anti CD 20 (rituximab, obinotuzimab), CD 19 – (blinatumomab), CD 22 antibodies (inotuzumab) and BTK inhibitors (ibrutinib)):     If therapy is of short duration (limited number of cycles), Vaccination should be postponed until 1-3 months after B- cell directed treatment due to decreased ability to develop immunity to COVID-19 by vaccination.	



Condition	Recommendations	Script
	<ul> <li>If therapy is part of a maintenance treatment, Vaccination should be given 4 weeks after the last dose of therapy.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Patients on BTK inhibitors (ibrutinib) can receive vaccination at any time.</li> </ul>	
	T-Cell directed therapy (Calcineurin inhibitors (e.g. oral and injection: cyclosporine and tacrolimus) (e.g. topical: pimecrolimus, tacrolimus), ATG (e.g. antithymocyte globulin – rabbit and equine) or Alemtuzumab)	
	<ul> <li>Vaccination should be postponed until 3 months after of T- cell directed treatment due to decreased ability to develop immunity to COVID-19 by vaccination.</li> </ul>	
	NACI Recommendation NACI preferentially recommends that a complete COVID-19 vaccine series with an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine should be offered to individuals in the authorized age group who are immunosuppressed due to disease or treatment. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the possibility that individuals who are immunosuppressed may have a diminished immune response to any of the authorized COVID-19 vaccines. (Strong NACI Recommendation)	
	NACI July 22, 2021 https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-	
	committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-	
Autoimmono	vaccines.html?hq e=el&hq m=2188311&hq l=1&hq v=91d220e044).	Studies from around the world
Autoimmune conditions	For any autoimmune condition that involves the <u>neurological system</u> , it is <u>preferred</u> the client discuss vaccination with their primary physician / specialist before immunization is provided. If the client has not	Studies from around the world show COVID-19 vaccines are safe
	discussed vaccination with their primary physician or specialist, immunization can proceed with their	for people with an autoimmune
See MS section below	informed consent.	disease.
	Clients receiving ongoing treatment with <a href="Rituximab">Rituximab</a> should delay vaccination until a minimum of 4 weeks after last dose of Rituximab, unless directed differently by their health care provider/prescriber.  See table below for a list of common autoimmune conditions.  It is preferred that clients with immune suppression discuss the vaccine with their healthcare provider prior to presenting. However:  If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is UNSTABLE consult with the area MHO.  If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is STABLE proceed as below.	The vaccine antibody response in individuals with autoimmune conditions may not be as strong as the immune response in individuals who do not have an autoimmune condition. The immune response may vary according to condition severity and current medical treatment.  Immunized individuals still need to take precautions against
	NACI Recommendation: NACI preferentially recommends that a complete vaccine series with an mRNA COVID19 vaccine should be offered to individuals in the authorized age group with an autoimmune condition. If an mRNA vaccine is contraindicated, another authorized COVID-19 vaccine should be offered. Informed consent should include discussion about the emerging evidence on the safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in these populations. (Strong NACI Recommendation)	COVID-19 disease.     Do you have any additional questions or concerns about getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?



Condition		Recommen	dations		Script	
	NACI July 22, 2021 https://wv committee-on-immunization- vaccines.html?hq e=el&hq n	(If the treatment plan in second column supports immunization     Do you consent to being immunized with the (Brand) of COVID-19 vaccine?	on)			
Autoimmune disorders  MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	<ul> <li>It is preferred that clients with Multiple Sclerosis (MS) discuss the vaccine with their healthcare provider prior to presenting. However:         <ul> <li>If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is UNSTABLE consult with the area MHO.</li> <li>If they have not discussed vaccination with their healthcare provider AND their condition is stable proceed as below, taking into consideration the timing of vaccines based on Disease Modifying Therapies (See Table below).</li> </ul> </li> <li>For MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS (MS) patients the following recommendations should be followed:</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Studies from around the world show COVID-19 vaccines are so for people with an autoimmun disease.</li> <li>The vaccine antibody response MS patients may not be as stroas the immune response in individuals who do not have M</li> </ul>	e in
	Medication(s)	Effect on vaccination	Delay of vaccination after treatment*	Delay of treatment	This will depend on the disease process and the client's MS treatment. Immunized	
	Glatiramer acetate (any type) Interferon-beta (any type) Teriflunomide Dimethyl fumarate (or any type of fumaric acid ester) Natalizumab	Little to no effect	None required	None required	individuals still need to take precautions against COVID-19 disease.  Based on your therapy the recommendation is as follows [refer to treatments in Table].  Do you have any additional questions or concerns about getting immunized with the COVID-19 vaccine?	s:  .
	Fingolimod Ozanimod Siponimod	May have a modest decrease in vaccine effectiveness	None required	4 weeks for treatment initiation; no delay for treatment continuation	(If the treatment plan in Table supports immunization) Do yo consent to being immunized w the (Brand) of COVID-19 vaccing the support of the covidence of	ou with
	Ocrelizumab Rituximab	May have a more pronounced decrease in vaccine effectiveness	4 weeks	4 weeks		
	Ofatumumab	May have a more pronounced decrease in vaccine effectiveness	4 weeks	4 weeks		



Condition		Recommendations		Script
Tuberculin (TB) Skin Test or TB Blood Work (IGRA)	**: The time period after a (re)started.  NACI Recommendation: NACI preferentially recomm be offered to individuals in a vaccine is contraindicated, a should include discussion at these populations. (Strong NACI July 22, 2021 https://wcommittee-on-immunization vaccines.html?hq e=el&hq  If TB skin testing or TB b immunization or delayed. Vaccination with COVID testing have been comp	Unlikely to affect vaccine response after immune reconstitution has taken place eatment dose during which vaccine a vaccination series (i.e. all dose ends that a complete vaccine series the authorized age group with an another authorized COVID-19 vaccine cout the emerging evidence on the NACI Recommendation)  www.canada.ca/en/public-health/se in-naci/recommendations-use-covid m=2188311&hq l=1&hq v=91d22 lood work is required, it should be d for at least 4 weeks after vaccina 19 vaccines may take place at any leted.  c://www.canada.ca/en/public-heal	e should not be administered. s) during which treatment should not be  es with an mRNA COVID19 vaccine should autoimmune condition. If an mRNA ine should be offered. Informed consent e safety of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines in  ervices/immunization/national-advisory- d-19- 10e044). administered and read before tion with COVID-19 vaccine. time after all steps of tuberculin skin  th/services/immunization/national-	Have you had a tuberculin (TB) skin test or need TB blood work (IGRA) done?  If testing has been done but not read/completed:
	advisory-committee-on-	:://www.canada.ca/en/public-heal immunization-naci/recommendati khq_m=2188311&hq_l=1&hq_v=9:	ons-use-covid-19-	_



Condition	Recommendations	Script
Thrombosis and Thrombocytopenia	AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD & Janssen COVID-19 Vaccines Only:  CONTRAINDICATIONS:  • Clients with a history of the following conditions should not receive this vaccine:  • Heparin Induced Thrombocytopenia (HIT)  • HIT antibody lingering might interfere with lab assay to detect the VIPIT/VITT antibody and may complicate management  • Thrombotic Antiphospholipid Antibody Syndrome (APS)  • Major venous or arterial thrombosis with thrombocytopenia following a viral vector COVID-19 vaccine  PRECAUTIONS:  • Cerebral Sinus Venous Thrombosis (CVST) with thrombocytopenia  • Should only receive a viral vector COVID-19 vaccine if the potential benefits outweigh the potential risks. An alternate COVID-19 vaccine should be offered.	Due to very rare reports of a combination of blood clots and low levels of blood platelets following immunization with the AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD vaccine, it is not recommended people with a history of this condition to receive this vaccine.
	<ul> <li>Data on Vaccine-induced Immune Thrombotic Thrombocytopenia (VITT) cases outlined by NACI:</li> <li>Cases of VITT usually occur between 4 and 28 days after receipt of a viral vector COVID-19 vaccine, and patients should be monitored for symptoms up to 42 days.</li> <li>The rate of VITT is estimated to be between 1 per 26,000 and 1 per 100,000 persons vaccinated with a first dose of AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD COVID-19 vaccine. As of June 1, 2021, PHAC has estimated the rate of VITT in Canada to be 1 in 73,000 doses administered, however, as investigations continue, this rate could be as high as 1 in 50,000.</li> <li>The frequency of VITT following a second dose of AstraZeneca vaccine is currently reported between 1 per 600,000 and 1 per 750,000 individuals vaccinated with a second dose but continues to evolve, based on vaccine safety surveillance data from the United Kingdom.</li> <li>The case fatality rate of VITT also varies between countries, and ranges between 20 and 50%.</li> </ul>	
Capillary Leak Syndrome	AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD COVID-19 Vaccines Only:  • This vaccine is contraindicated for clients with a history of capillary leak syndrome.  NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq</a> e=el&hq m=2188311&hq l=1&hq v=91d220e044).	Due to rare reports of capillary leak syndrome after vaccination, people with a history of this CLS should not be vaccinated with the AstraZeneca/COVISHIELD COVID-19 vaccine.
Myocarditis and/or Pericarditis	mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines Only:  As a precautionary measure, the second dose in the mRNA COVID-19 vaccination series should be deferred in individuals who developed myocarditis or pericarditis following the first dose of an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine as an adverse event until more information is available. It is unclear if people who developed myocarditis or pericarditis after a first dose of an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine may be at increased risk of further adverse cardiac effects following a second dose of the vaccine. NACI will continue to monitor the evidence and update recommendations as needed.	<ul> <li>Due to very rare reports of myocarditis (inflammation of the heart) and/or pericarditis (inflammation of the outer lining of the heart), people with a history of these conditions discuss</li> </ul>



Condition	Recommendations	Script
	If an individual is at high risk of COVID-19 acquisition or severe outcome due to community transmission or underlying condition, then a decision to get the second dose should be made in consultation with the individual's physician (cardiologist if possible) with the patient's informed consent.	immunization with an mRNA vaccine prior to receiving.
	Decisions about proceeding with the second dose should include a conversation between the patient, their parent/guardian/caregiver (when relevant), and their clinical team. These individuals should be informed of the risks of myocarditis and pericarditis following a second mRNA COVID-19 vaccine dose and advised to seek medical attention if they develop symptoms.	
	People with a history of myocarditis or pericarditis following a first dose of an mRNA COVID19 vaccine, who choose or are recommended by their specialist to receive the second dose of an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine, should wait at least until their episode of myocarditis or pericarditis has completely resolved. This includes resolution of symptoms attributed to myocarditis or pericarditis, as well as no evidence of ongoing heart inflammation or sequelae as determined by the person's clinical team, which may include a cardiologist, and special testing to assess cardiac recovery.	
	Data on myocarditis and pericarditis as outlined by NACI:  Based on cases reported internationally, available information indicates that cases of myocarditis and pericarditis after vaccination with an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine occur:  • More often after the second dose • Usually within a week after vaccination • More often in adolescents and young adults • More often in males than females.	
	NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq</a> e=el&hq m=2188311&hq l=1&hq v=91d220e044).	



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- 2. NACI July 22, 2021 <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq\_e=el&hq\_m=2188311&hq\_l=1&hq\_v=91d220e044">https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization-naci/recommendations-use-covid-19-vaccines.html?hq\_e=el&hq\_m=2188311&hq\_l=1&hq\_v=91d220e044</a>). American Autoimmune Related Disease Ltd. <a href="https://www.aarda.org/diseaselist/">https://www.aarda.org/diseaselist/</a>
- 3. Centers for Disease Control: https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/info-by-product/clinical-considerations.html

## Common Auto Immune Conditions\*1

### \*This is not an exhaustive list

Addison's	Guillain-Barre syndrome	Optic Neuritis
Alopecia areata	Hashimoto's thyroiditis	Psoriasis
Amyloidosis	Hemolytic anemia	Psoriatic arthritis
Ankylosing spondylitis	Henoch-Schonlein purpura	Raynaud's syndrome
Celiac disease	Juvenile arthritis	Restless legs syndrome
Crohn's disease	Kawasaki disease	Rheumatoid arthritis
Diabetes (type 1)	Lupus	Sarcoidosis
Endometriosis	Meniere's disease	Scleroderma
Erythema nodosum	Multiple Sclerosis	Thrombocytopenic purpura
Fibromyalgia	Myasthenia gravis	Ulcerative Colitis
Graves' disease	Neutropenia	

list obtained American Autoimmune Related Disease Ltd. https://www.aarda.org/diseaselist/